Pig Feeds (cont.)

Lactating Sow Meal (15.5% CP)

This feed is specially designed to feed the lactating sow. At the first feed after farrowing, the sow should be given only water. Following this, feed should be increased daily from 2kg per sow to 2kg plus 0.45kg per piglet up to a maximum of 6.5kg one week later.

Table 1. Feed Quantities for Growing a Piglet to slaughter

FEED	CP%	ENERGY	FEEDING PHASE	PHASE	AVERAGE	FEED REQUIRED
		(MJ/Kg)		Days	Consump. kg/Day	kg/pig/phase
PIG CREEP MEAL	21	12.6	DAY 7 TO DAY 28	21	0.36	7.6
PIG WEANER MEAL	18	13.5	DAY 29 TO DAY 56	28	1.07	30
PIG GROWER MEAL	16.5	13.7	DAY 57 TO DAY 112	56	2.4	123.2
PIG FINISHER MEAL	15	13.9	DAY 113 TO DAY 147	35	2.6	98
TOTALS						258.8

NB: Consumption figures do not include wastage during feeding

Water should be be clean and should be available at all times.

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Pig feed range

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Pig Creep Meal / Pellets (21% CP)

Piglets grow on the mothers milk and supplementary pig feed. For those pigs which succeed in surviving the initial few days of life, body weight doubles during each subsequent week for at least three weeks. This demonstrates that there is a huge quantity of nutrients that need to be supplied by the milk and creep feed to the litter. Sow milk does not contain an adequate quantity of nutrients to support and sustain the rapid growth rate of the young pig beyond 21 days of age.

Profeeds creep meal/pellets are uniquely designed to maximize palatability for the post natal piglet to maximise growth. Under the conditions of low milk production, creep feed should be provided to the litter. Normally young pigs become interested in creep feed at around 7-10 days.

Feed Profeeds Creep/Pellets, ad lib, from around Day 7, up to Day 28, after which change over gradually to Profeeds Pig Weaner Meal. The Average daily feed allowance is 0.36kg per pig.

Pig Weaner Meal (18% CP)

Due to the poor feed intake and loss of body fat that occurs during the first few days of post-weaning, the nursery room temperatures should be raised slightly from the temperature in the farrowing house. The nursery temperature can be lowered as the pigs become older, heavier and accumulate more body fat. Feed Profeeds Weaner Meal ad lib, from Day 29 up to Day 56, after which gradually change over 7 days to Profeeds Pig Grower Meal.

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Pig Grower Meal (16.5% CP)

The grower and finisher phase has been considered to be the least complicated stage of swine production, but with newer pig genotypes and feeding strategies, it is becoming somewhat more complex. Profeeds Pig Grower Meal is formulated to achieve the best cost-effective balance of all nutrients to support optimum feed conversion efficiency from your pig herd and hence improving the profitability of your operation. Average daily feed allowance is about 2.4kg per pig.

Feed Profeeds Grower Meal, ad lib, from Day 57, up to Day 112. After which change gradually over 7 days to Profeeds Pig Finisher Meal

Pig Grower Concentrate (29% CP)

Profeeds Pig Grower Concentrate is mixed as a ratio of 2 parts concentrate to 3 parts milled maize meal to achieve pig grower meal and should be fed accordingly.

Pig Finiser Meal (15% CP)

Feed Profeeds Pig Finisher, ad lib, from Day 113, up to Day 147. This is a complete feed for slaughter as a baconer or heavier. Profeeds Pig Finisher promotes lean tissue deposition allowing for better marketing grades. Average Daily Feed allowance is around 2.4kg to 2.8kg per pig.

Pig Finiser Concentrate (28% CP)

Mix Profeeds Pig Finisher Concentrate at 2 parts concentrate to three parts milled maize meal to get the pig finisher meal and feed accordingly.

Boar and Sow Meal (14.5% CP)

Feed Profeeds Boar and Sow Meal (Breeding Stock) as follows: Boars in good condition - 1.8kg to 2kg per pig per day. Dry sows, during the first trimester (first 12 weeks of pregnancy), should be fed between 1.8kg to 2.7kg per pig per day and 2.3kg to 3kg per pig per day for three weeks prior to farrowing.